



GROOMING GUIDE

HEAD

1. Use scissors and thinning scissors only, never use clippers when trimming the head and face.
2. The top of the head should round off to the ears, but be long and floppy
3. Outside of the eyes should be long. This is a part of the eyebrow and should taper down to meet the length of the front tip of the ear (at the leather). Be careful not to trim the actual eyelashes.
4. The muzzle should be trimmed vertically, no horizontal lines should show. The entire muzzle should have a layered round shape if you are looking straight at it-like the base of a fat pineapple!
5. Chin should be trimmed as part of the round muzzle (no long beard)
6. Ears should be trimmed to the leather around the edge and layered long and natural looking. Fur inside and just under the ear should be trimmed short to promote air flow.
7. Fur in between the eyes should be trimmed to have a soft, natural look - not choppy.

BODY

1. The body should be trimmed to loosely follow the dog's shape, to create a free flowing and natural look. If desired for sporting, easier maintenance and/or during the puppy coat transitional stage the body can be clipped shorter, but no shorter than 2 inches.

LEGS & FEET

1. Legs should be trimmed to look like a column, so the foot is not seen. The fur around the legs may be longer than the rest of the body to create this appearance. Fur underneath the foot should be trimmed flat against the bottom of the foot.
2. Nails should be kept short, they should not touch the floor when the dog is standing upright, and should not be seen from under the fur coat of the leg/foot.

TAIL

1. The tail should be brushed out and trimmed to match the coat on the legs; long, neat, and full.